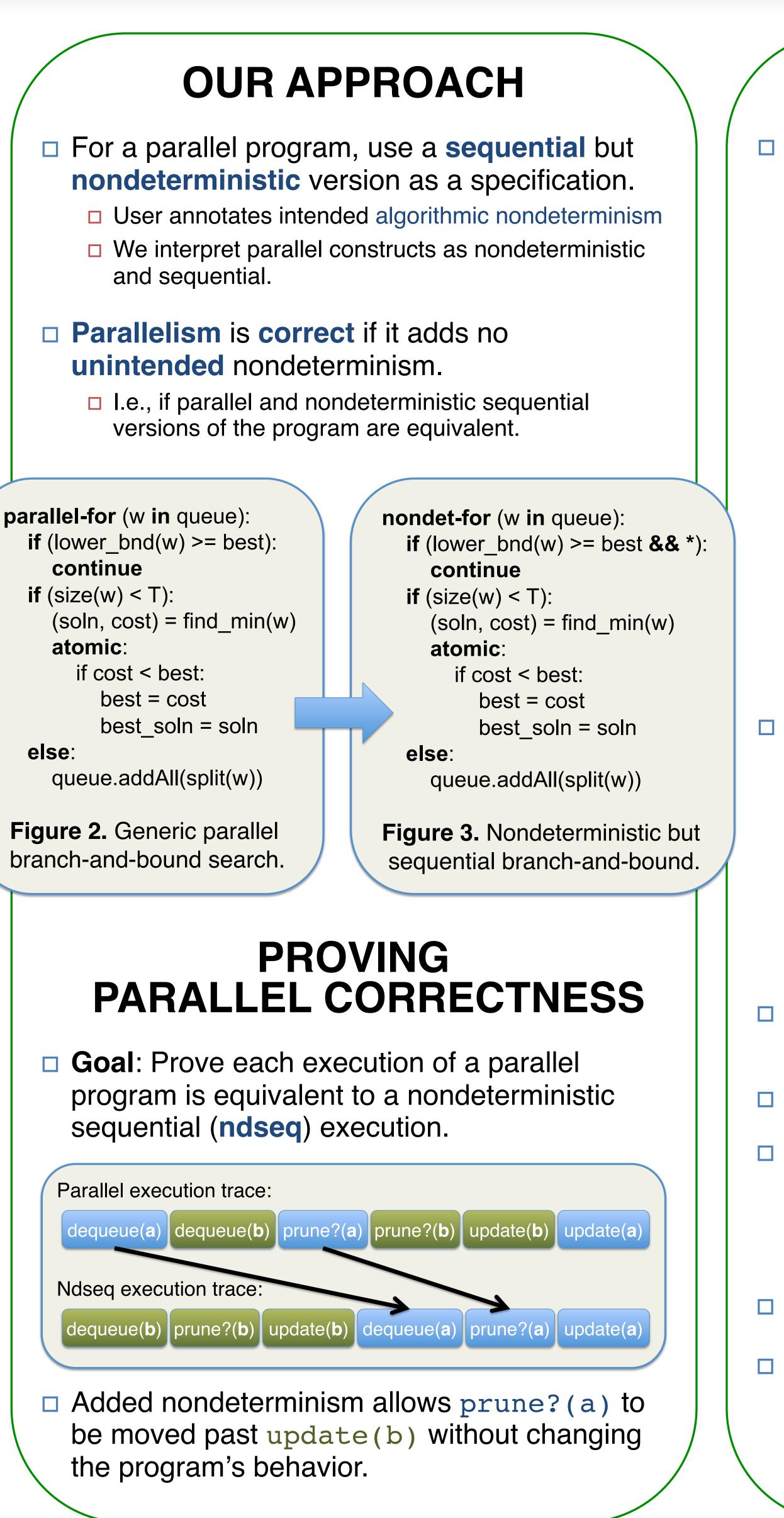


## SEPARATING PARALLEL AND FUNCTIONAL CORRECTNESS JACOB BURNIM, GEORGE NECULA, KOUSHIK SEN

## **OVERVIEW**

Verifying parallel programs is very challenging. Painful to reason simultaneously about correctness of parallelism and about functional correctness. Functional correctness often largely sequential. **Goal**: Decompose effort of verifying parallelism and verifying functional correctness. □ Prove **parallel correctness** simply – not entangled in complex sequential functional correctness. □ Verify **functional correctness** in a **sequential** way. Question: What is parallel correctness? **SPECIFYING DETERMINISM** □ **Previous work**: Deterministic specifications. [Burnim and Sen, FSE 2009] □ Idea: Parallel correctness means every thread schedule gives semantically equivalent results. □ Internal nondeterminism, but deterministic output. Assert that parallel code yields semantically equivalent outputs for equivalent inputs. deterministic assume (data == data') { // Parallel branch-and-bound Tree t = min\_phylo\_tree(N, data); } assert (t.cost == t'.cost()); Figure 1. Deterministic spec for parallel breanch-andbound search to find minimum-cost phyogenetic trees. Different runs may return different optimal trees. □ Lightweight spec of parallel correctness. □ Independent of complex functional correctness. Great for **testing** (with, e.g., active testing). Can automatically infer likely specifications [Burnim and Sen, ICSE 2010]. □ Not a complete spec of parallel correctness. □ Specification ignores tree t in Figure 1. □ For complex programs, determinism proof attempts get entangled in details of sequential correctness.

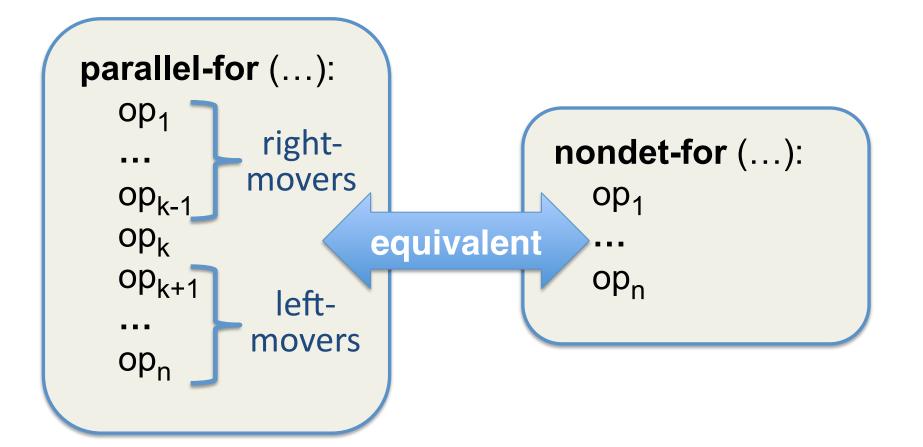


## **PROOF BY REDUCTION**

BERKELEY PARLAB

Reduction: Method for proving atomicity. [Lipton, CACM 1974]

- Program operations classified as right-movers and left-movers if they commute to the right/left with all operations that can run in parallel with them.
- Code block is atomic if a sequence of right-movers, one non-mover, and a sequence of left-movers.
- Implies all parallel runs equivalent to ones where atomic code block is run serially.



**Idea**: Statically prove that operations are rightand left-movers using SMT solving.

- Encode: Are all behaviors of op<sub>1</sub>; op<sub>2</sub> also behaviors of op<sub>2</sub>; op<sub>1</sub>?
- Like [Elmas, Qadeer, and Tasiran, POPL 2009].

## **FUTURE WORK**

Formal proof rules for parallel and nondeterministic sequential equivalence.

Automated proofs of parallel correctness.

Combine with verification tools for sequential programs with nondeterminism.

- □ Model checking with predicate abstraction (CEGAR).
- Can verify functional correctness on sequential code!
- Apply above to real parallel benchmarks.

Applications to debugging?

Allow programmer to sequentially debug a parallel execution by mapping a parallel trace to a nondeterministic sequential one.