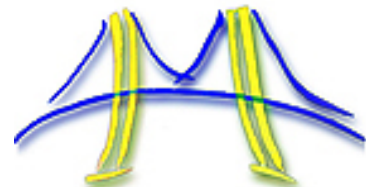


Parallel Graphical Layout

Ras Bodik, Thibaud Hottelier, Edward Lu, Leo Meyerovich,
Ali Sinan Koksal, **Matt Torok**, Eric Atkinson
Doug Kimelman *IBM*, Kimmo Kuusilinna and Per Ljung *Nokia*



Why parallel layout? It's part of web browser.

Web browser has grown into *the* app platform

True on laptops. Not (yet) true on phones.

Energy constraints make phones too slow

Browser apps practically unusable on phones

Hence the faster iOS, Android, Win SDKs dominate

Matters to be worse on post-phone devices



Parallelism helps energy efficiency

Programs run faster

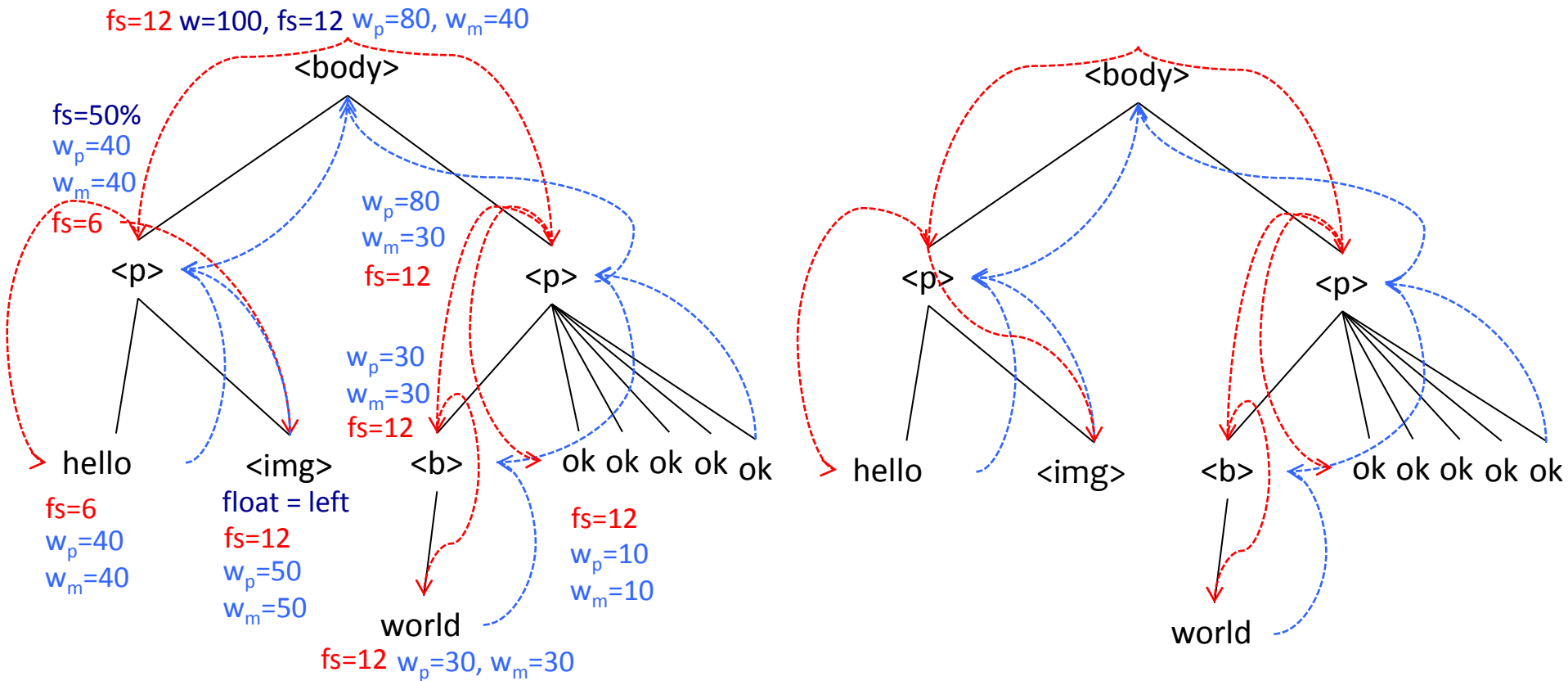
==> CPU sleeps sooner

Simple cores more energy efficient

==> use many small cores rather a few big cores

So we need to parallelize layout

Five passes for laying out CSS documents



Phase 1: font size, temporary width

Phase 2: preferred max & min width

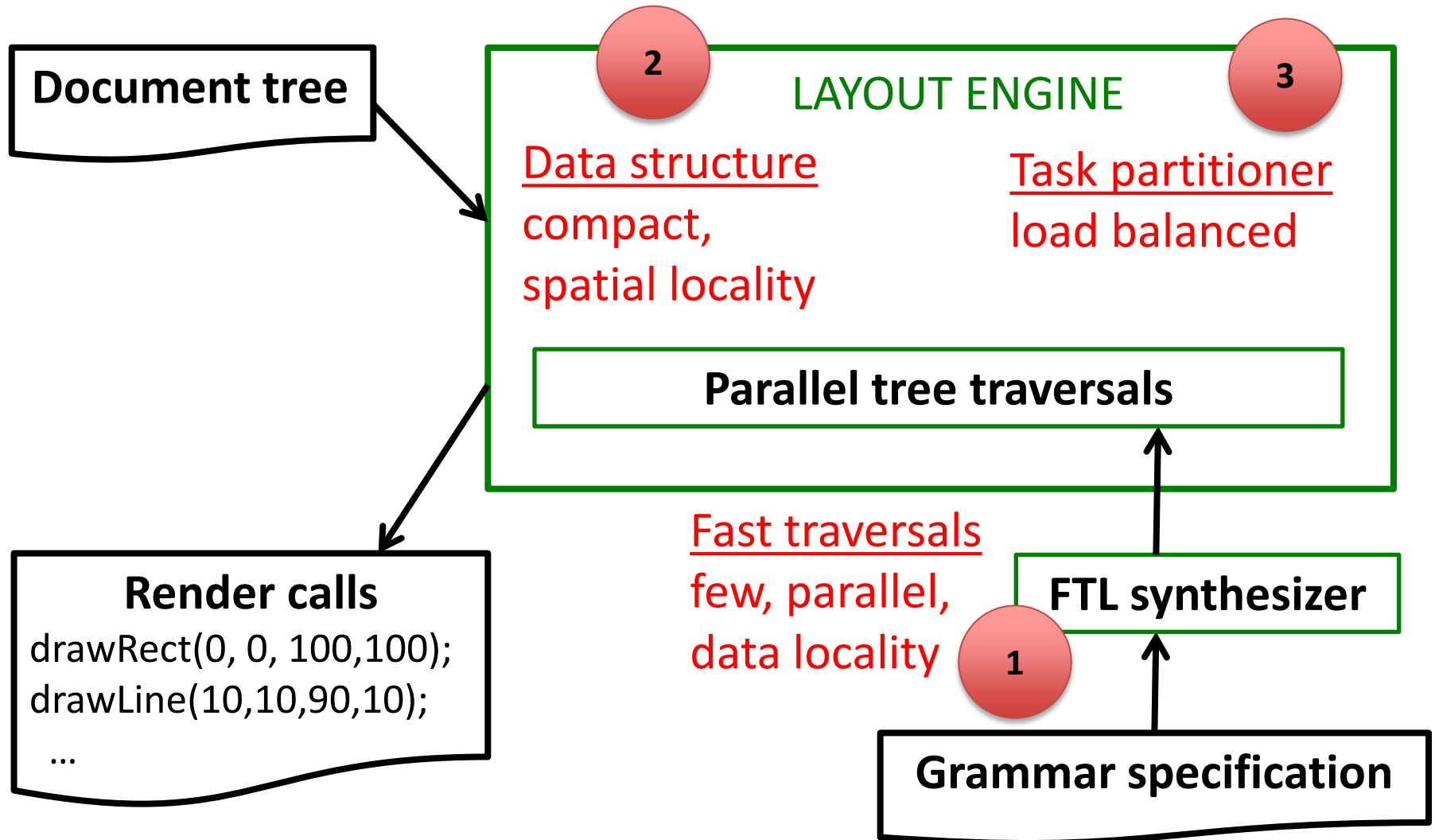
Phase 3: solved width

Phase 4: height, relative x/y position

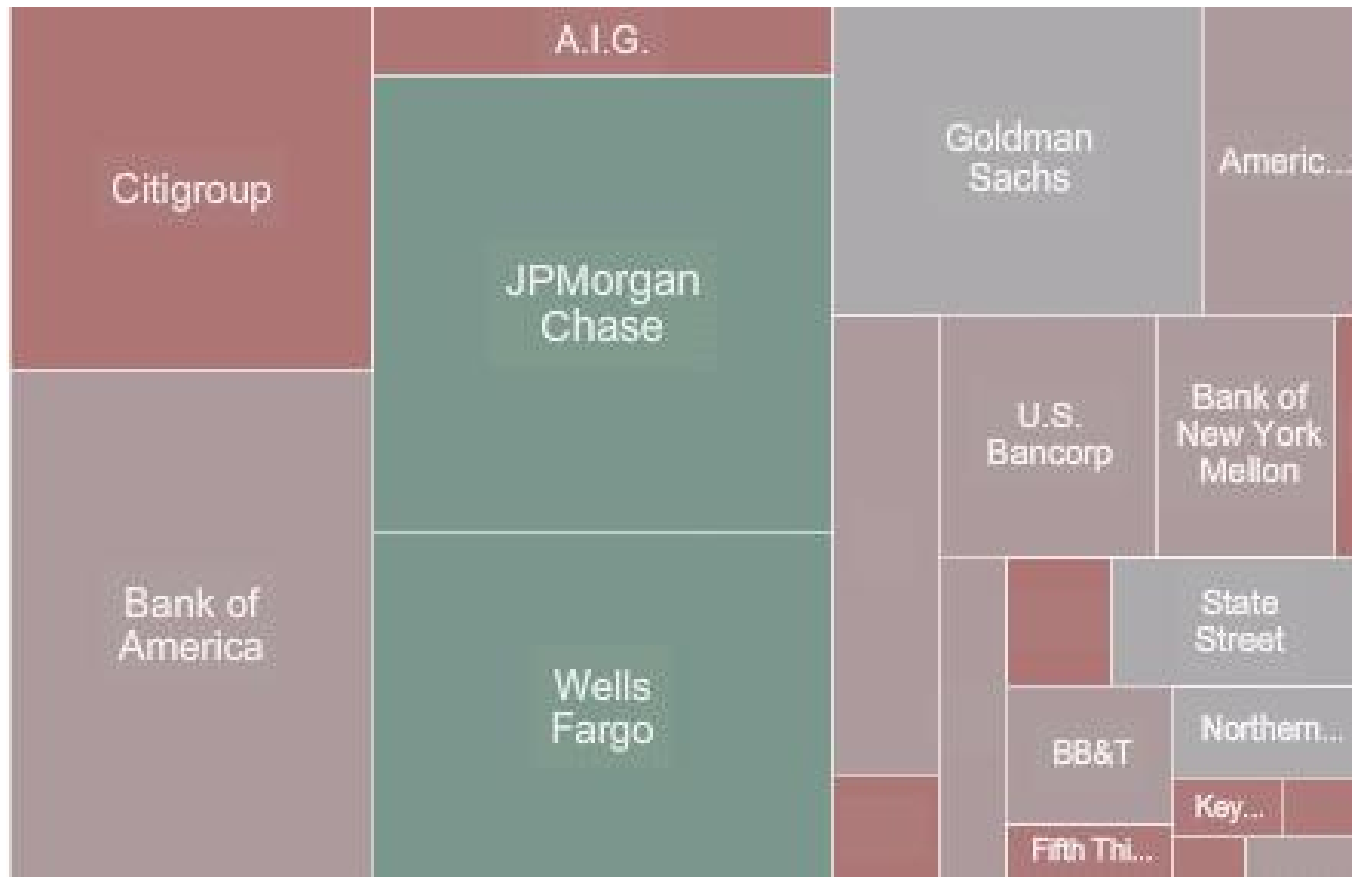
Phase 5: absolute x/y position

5 Phases: Each Exhibits Tree Parallelism

Parallel Layout Engine Generator



Demo: TreeMap

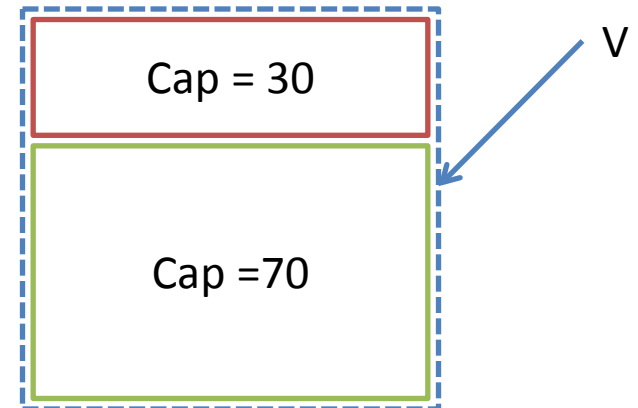


TreeMap of Financial Industry (NY Times)

Specification of V

TreeMap spec in English:

1. V is a rectangle with some style.
2. V area is divided vertically among its children
3. V's children are stacked on top of each other.
4. V area is proportional the sum its children's capitalization



The Three Constraints

```
trait VDiv(h, w) {    // vertical division
    h = children[0].h + children[1].h
    w = children[0].w = children[1].w
}

trait VStack() {      // vertical stacking
    children.left = 0
    children[0].top = 0
    children[0].h = children[1].top
}

trait TreeMap(h, w, cap) { // area =~ cap
    SCALE * cap = h * w
    cap = children[0].cap + children[1].cap
}
```